

- Partnership between state, local and federal LEO, corrections, prosecutors and probation when investigating gang crimes.
 - Required Resources Funding, buy-in, staffing
 - Evaluation Successful prosecutions of gangs/gang members, decrease in gang activity.



- Communication between LEOs
 - Required Resources Buy-in for required resources, funding, regular multi-agency intelligence meetings, inter/intra-agency communication, and analytical support.
 - Evaluation Successful case completion, improved understanding of gang activities and membership, successful dissemination and application of intelligence.



- Identifying gangs, gang activities and members
 - Required Resources Database, staffing, funding
 - Evaluation Realistic, accurate information available



- Focus on organization through its members and disable funding (not just focusing on one member)
 - Required Resources Buy-in, manpower, funding, interagency cooperation
 - Evaluation Disorganized, demoralized and defeated gangs



- Federal sentencing guidelines (ability to change sentencing i.e. Rule 35)
 - Required Resources Staffing, buy-in
 - Evaluation Successful sentencing and prosecution



- More well-paid, specialized gang prosecutors at the state level (gang-related, organized crime, etc.) and resources for local and statewide prosecutors to go after gangs and gang members to include witness protection.
 - Barriers Funding, buy-in, prioritize state spending, commitment by SAOs, prioritize county and city level, staffing
 - Driving Force More successful prosecutions, decreased likelihood of a mistrial, gang/gang members held accountable, decreased gang activity, current lack of specialized resources to accomplish, increased willingness to testify.
 - Required Resources Same as the barriers
 - Evaluation Timely and successful prosecutions



- Funded specialized (gang) probation officers, LEOs and analytical support staffing.
 - Barriers Funding, staffing
 - Driving Force Increased enforcement, better long-term supervision, appropriate conditions of probation and enforcement.
 - Required Resources Funding, staffing
 - Evaluation Quality intelligence gathering and sharing, successful case completion, reduction in gangs.



- User-friendly gang database with statewide access, data entry and equipment that is available to state, local and federal agencies to eventually link to a comparable national database.
 - Barriers Funding for staffing, equipment and training. Support by all entities. Accurate and timely database that adequately represents current gang status by area.
 - Driving Force Improved communication, enforcement and prosecution. Realistic gang assessment.
 - Required Resources Funding, staffing (data entry), training, equipment
 - Evaluation Accurate and reliable input of intelligence by all LE agencies.



- Change in F.S. to improve detention issues and discovery concerns in gang-related cases (current delays in prosecuting cases along with early release of victim/witness information causes unsuccessful prosecutions. Pretrial release of violent gang members causes harm to witnesses and the public and results in increased violence and frequency of gang activity, empowers gangs and decreases the community confidence/cooperation with the judicial system).
 - Barriers Buy-in
 - Driving Force Decrease threats to witnesses, increase willingness to testify, increased prosecutions, increased partnerships between LE and prosecution and increased community support.
 - Required Resources Legislative and executive buy-in
 - Evaluation More successful prosecutions, increase community confidence/cooperation



- Supported gang training (database, travel, training venue) and specialized training for instructors.
 - Barriers Funding, buy-in, staffing, equipment, providing instructors (regional and general)
 - Driving Force Improved intelligence, only means by which to implement.
 - Required Resources Funding, staffing, equipment
 - Evaluation Improved intelligence gathering and dissemination



- Anti-gang educational programs for schools and communities.
 - Barriers Denial, funding, implementation, location, buy-in from various entities, school support, family support, community support and LE support
 - Driving Force Presence of mentors may decrease appeal of gangs to youths. Increased understanding of gangs and their impact on the community.
 - Required Resources Funding, trained/specialized educators, buy-in
 - Evaluation Decreased recruitment/membership of gangs and building meaningful partnerships to address the problem.



- Anti-gang court/correctional facility intervention/rehabilitation programs and reentry program in conjunction with private entities (employment, education, housing).
 - Barriers Funding, buy-in, staffing, training, resources, equipment, community support.
 - Driving Force -- Decreased recidivism, decreased gang activity, reduced crime rate.
 - Required Resources Funding, staffing, buy-in by courts, corrections and private entities
 - Evaluation Decreased gang incidents within corrections facilities, decreased recidivism



Additional Points/Thoughts

- State Attorney and other agency turnover (salary/incentives)
- Change mindset of agencies (currently too lenient on juvenile crime)
- Give meaningful punishment to juvenile offenders (i.e. gang offenders)
- Community outreach programs focused during the time of 3:00pm to 7:00pm
- Let prosecutors do their job (direct file authority)
- Reevaluation of juvenile arrest and prosecution procedures at the Federal level
- Formalized gang training for judges



Additional Points/Thoughts

- Ability to input general intelligence/information in statewide database (comments section)
- Federal statute defining criminal gangs
- Redefine 874
- Formalize database/law enforcement liaison
- California statute on discovery rule for gang cases (get copy)
- Create state statute for gang injunctions (Texas currently)
- Ability to obtain multiple bonds on separate cases for gang members with higher amounts and/or detention for violent gang crimes